## FURTHER COMMENTARY FOR DISCUSSION DURING INTERVIEW OF SEPTEMBER 17, 2009

- Tsuchida shaft is fixed only at one end, and is a "rotary vane" and "pulsator" mechanism, exactly the same as a high speed kitchen blender. This is an additional aspect of the Tsuchida mechanism that bears no resemblance to the claimed invention.
- Tsuchida specifies:
  - > 3 hours at 60°C whilst "grinding" to "rice porridge."
  - Then 1-6 hours whilst temperature is "successively raised" to 60-100°C "thermally decompose" the product, extracting the water vapor thereby "dehydrating and drying" the product to water content < 45%.</p>
  - Then 1-6 hours whilst temperature is 100-135°C of "thermal decomposition" and "debydrating and drying" the product to water content ≤ 30% that also "sterilize[s]" the product.
- Critically, at temperatures above 70°C, there is no active biological activity. Critically,
  Tsuchida specifies sterilization (as distinct from pasteurization) kills all living
  organisms, i.e., zero biological activity. Critically, Tsuchida specifies (pg. 3, lines 35-40)
  that "no protein is decomposed" in the process. This necessarily means that there has
  been no biological decomposition (i.e., composting), and that the process is as claimed
  "thermal decomposition" and "dehydrating and drying" to achieve a product with water
  content ≤ 30.
- Below 30% moisture biological activity is minimal. If this material is rehydrated, it will still be putrescibles. It is dried, it is not composted.